

African Americans Right to Vote

The 15th Amendment. 1870

The Fifteenth Amendment is the third of the reconstruction Amendments. This Amendment prohibits the states and the federal government from using a citizens race, color or previous status as a slave as a voting qualification. (u-s-history.com)

About the 15th Amendment. Right To Vote.

The fifteenth amendment in the constitution allowed African American men the right to vote.

(<http://www.loc.gov/rr/program/bib/ourdocs/15thamendment.html>) It was designed to prohibit discrimination against voters on the basis of race or previous condition of servitude. (<http://www.u-s-history.com/pages/h415.html>)

successful? Yes and No. It did provide the vote to blacks living in northern states, and it did encourage voting by blacks in the south for a period of time. (<http://www.u-s-history.com/pages/h415.html>)

African Americans had problems when it comes to rights towards blacks like the right to vote..



Washington, D. C., Sept. 17—Emphasizing the importance of the ballot as the basis of American citizenship, the National Race Congress of America, is preparing its program for its fourth annual—or “Sufrage Session” which convenes in this city at The Metropolitan Baptist Church, 12th and R. Streets, Northwest beginning Tuesday, October. 7th, and continuing through the 11th. Early announcement of the details will be made.
“The right to vote and to be voted for is the first of rights,” says the National Race Congress. “It is the vital principal of self-government and individual liberty. The ballot marks the difference between the citizen and the serf. Without the ballot the Colored American is powerless to contend for right and justice and civil equality; with the ballot he is all-powerful to act in defense of every lawful privilege.”

Rights

Facts about the 15th Amendment

The 15th amendment was established in 1870 to help give blacks the right to vote.

